

#### Homework 4:

- 1) Recall that  $p : E \rightarrow B$  is a normal (or regular or Galois) covering if  $\Pi(p)(\pi_1(E, e)) \subset \pi_1(B, b)$  is a normal subgroup. Show that  $p : E \rightarrow B$  is normal if and only if  $\text{Aut}(E/B)$  acts transitively on  $F_b$ , i.e. for any  $e, e' \in F_b$ , there exists an  $f \in \text{Aut}(E/B)$  such that  $f(e) = e'$ .
- 2) Construct a path-connected but not normal (or regular) covering of  $S^1 \vee S^1$ . Identify the group of deck transformations.
- 3) Hatcher, page 79, problem 9.
- 4) Hatcher, page 80, problem 18.
- 5) Hatcher, page 81, problem 23.
- 6) Let  $C$  be the space of  $(p, q) \in \mathbb{C}^2$  such that  $4p^3 + 27q^2 \neq 0$ . Note that for such  $(p, q)$  the equation  $X^3 + pX + q = 0$  has 3 distinct complex roots. Let us also define the spaces :

$$B = \{(p, q, x) \in C \times \mathbb{C} : x^3 + px + q = 0\}$$

and

$$A = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{C}^3 : x + y + z = 0, x \neq y, y \neq z, z \neq x\}$$

We define  $\pi : A \rightarrow B$  to be the map  $(x, y, z) \rightarrow (p, q, x)$  where  $p, q$  are defined by

$$X^3 + pX + q = (X - x)(X - y)(X - z)$$

We also let  $p : B \rightarrow C$  be the projection  $(p, q, x) \rightarrow (p, q)$ .

- i) Show that  $\pi, p$  and  $p \circ \pi$  are finite sheeted covering maps.
- ii) Show that  $A, B, C$  are path-connected.
- iii) Let  $a = (-1, 0) \in C$ . Show that the action of  $\pi_1(C, a)$  on the fibre  $p^{-1}(a)$  defines a surjective homomorphism from  $\pi_1(C, a)$  to the symmetric group  $\mathfrak{S}_3$ .
- iv) Among the coverings  $\pi, p$ , and  $p \circ \pi$ , which ones are normal? What are the automorphism groups of these coverings?
- v) Let  $K$  be the subspace of the sphere  $S^3 = \{(z, w) \in \mathbb{C}^2 : |z|^2 + |w|^2 = 2\}$  defined by

$$K = \{(z, w) \in \mathbb{C}^2 : z^3 = w^2\}$$

and  $b = (1, -1) \in S^3$ . Show that  $C$  and  $S^3 \setminus K$  have the same homotopy type. Show that  $K$  is homeomorphic to the circle  $S^1 = \{(z, w) \in S^3 : w = 0\}$  but  $S^3 \setminus K$  and  $S^3 \setminus S^1$  are not homeomorphic.

- 7) (Optional) Read Chapter 4 of May's book.